

Y2 Long Term Curriculum Map			
Week	Topic	Objectives	Vocabulary
1	Place Value	count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in 10s from any number, forward and backward. Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (10s, 1s)	Numbers to one hundred Hundreds Partition, tens and ones recombine more(than)/less(than) Equal to, the same as Estimation
2		Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words Use place value and number facts to solve problems	
3	Addition and Subtraction	recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently	Number bonds, Add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether Subtract, take away, minus Inverse Equals, is the same as Difference between
4		Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: A two-digit number and 1s A two-digit number and 10	
5	2D Shape	Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides, and line symmetry in a vertical line	Circle, triangle, square Shape Flat, curved, straight, round Symmetrical, line of symmetry Mirror line, reflection
6	Addition and Subtraction	Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: A two-digit number and 10	Number bonds, Add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether Subtract, take away, minus Inverse Equals, is the same as Difference between
7	Addition and Subtraction	Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: Two 2-digit numbers	Number bonds, Add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether Subtract, take away, minus Inverse Equals, is the same as Difference between Column addition and subtraction
8	Consolidation		
9	Money	recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value. Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change	Money, coin, penny, pence, pound, price, cost, buy, sell, spend, spent, pay, change, dear(er), costs more, costs less, cheaper, costs the same as How much?, how many? Total
10	Multiplication and Division	Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs	Odd, even Count in twos, threes, fives Count in tens (forwards from/backwards from) How many times? Lots of, groups of Once, twice, three times, five times Multiple of, times, multiply, multiply by Repeated addition Array, row, column Double, halve Share, share equally Group in pairs, threes, etc. Equal groups of Divide, divided by, left, left over
11		Show that multiplication of 2 numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of 1 number by another cannot Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts	
12	Fractions	Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ , $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity	Whole Equal parts, four equal parts One half, two halves A quarter, two quarters, three quarters One third

13	Time	<p>Compare and sequence intervals of time</p> <p>Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times</p> <p>Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day</p>	<p>Today, yesterday, tomorrow</p> <p>Before, after, Next, last</p> <p>Now, soon, early, late</p> <p>Quick, quicker, quickest, quickly, fast, faster, fastest, slow, slower, slowest, slowly</p> <p>Old, older, oldest, new, newer, newest</p> <p>Takes longer, takes less time</p> <p>Hour, o'clock, half past, quarter past/to</p> <p>Clock, watch, hands</p> <p>How long ago?, how long will it be to...?, how long will it take to...?, how often?</p> <p>Always, never, often, sometimes, usually</p> <p>Once, twice</p> <p>First, second, third, etc.</p>
14	Fractions	<p>Write simple fractions, for example <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> and <math>\frac{1}{2}</math></p>	<p>Whole</p> <p>Equal parts, four equal parts</p> <p>One half, two halves</p> <p>A quarter, two quarters, three quarters</p> <p>One third</p> <p>Equivalence, equivalent</p>
15	Consolidation		
16	Addition and Subtraction	<p>Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:</p> <p>Two 2-digit numbers</p>	<p>Number bonds,</p> <p>Add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether</p> <p>Subtract, take away, minus</p> <p>Inverse</p> <p>Equals, is the same as</p> <p>Difference between</p>
17	Multiplication and Division	<p>Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers</p> <p>Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs</p> <p>Show that multiplication of 2 numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of 1 number by another cannot</p> <p>Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts</p>	<p>Odd, even</p> <p>Count in twos, threes, fives</p> <p>Count in tens (forwards from/backwards from)</p> <p>How many times?</p> <p>Lots of, groups of</p> <p>Once, twice, three times, five times</p> <p>Multiple of, times, multiply, multiply by</p> <p>Repeated addition</p> <p>Array, row, column</p> <p>Double, halve Share, share equally</p> <p>Group in pairs, threes, etc.</p> <p>Equal groups of</p> <p>Divide, divided by, left, left over</p> <p>Group, sort</p>
18	3D Shape	<p>Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces</p> <p>Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]</p> <p>Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects</p>	<p>Cube, cuboid, pyramid, sphere, cone, cylinder, circle, triangle, square</p> <p>Shape</p> <p>Flat, curved, straight, round</p> <p>Hollow, solid</p> <p>Corner (point, pointed)</p> <p>Face, side, edge</p> <p>Odd, even</p>
19	Multiplication and Division	<p>Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers</p> <p>Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs</p> <p>Show that multiplication of 2 numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of 1 number by another cannot</p>	<p>Count in twos, threes, fives</p> <p>Count in tens (forwards from/backwards from)</p> <p>How many times?</p> <p>Lots of, groups of</p> <p>Once, twice, three times, five times</p> <p>Multiple of, times, multiply, multiply by</p> <p>Repeated addition</p> <p>Array, row, column</p> <p>Double, halve Share, share equally</p> <p>Group in pairs, threes, etc.</p> <p>Equal groups of</p> <p>Divide, divided by, left, left over</p>
20	Length and Height	<p>Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers.</p> <p>Compare and order lengths, record the results using &gt;, &lt; and =</p>	<p>Length, width, height, depth</p> <p>Long, longer, longest, short, shorter shortest, tall, taller, tallest, high, higher, highest</p> <p>Low, wide, narrow, deep, shallow, thick, thin</p> <p>Metre, ruler, metre stick</p>
21	Consolidation		

22	Addition and Subtraction	<p>Solve problems with addition and subtraction: Using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures Applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods</p> <p>Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100</p> <p>Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: •adding 3 one-digit numbers</p>	<p>Number bonds, Add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether Subtract, take away, minus Inverse Equals, is the same as Difference between Column addition and subtraction</p>
23	Statistics	<p>Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and tables Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity Ask-and-answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data</p>	<p>Count, tally, sort Vote Graph, block graph, pictogram, Represent Group, set, list, table Label, title Most popular, most common, least popular, least common</p>
24	Fractions	<p>Recognise, find, name and write fractions <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> and <math>\frac{3}{4}</math> of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity Write simple fractions, for example <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> and <math>\frac{1}{2}</math></p>	<p>Whole Equal parts, four equal parts One half, two halves A quarter, two quarters, three quarters One third Equivalence, equivalent</p>
25	Capacity	<p>Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using measuring vessels Compare and order volume/capacity and record the results using &gt;, &lt; and =</p>	<p>Full, half full, empty Holds Container scale ml/l</p>
26	Addition and Subtraction	<p>Solve problems with addition and subtraction: Using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures Applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods</p> <p>Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100</p> <p>Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: •a two-digit number and 1s •a two-digit number and 10s •2 two-digit numbers •adding 3 one-digit numbers</p> <p>Show that addition of 2 numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of 1 number from another cannot</p> <p>Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems</p>	<p>Number bonds, Add, more, plus, make, sum, total, altogether Subtract, take away, minus Inverse Equals, is the same as Difference between Column addition and subtraction</p>
27	Consolidation		
28	Multiplication & Division	<p>Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts</p>	<p>Odd, even Count in twos, threes, fives Count in tens (forwards from/backwards from) How many times? Lots of, groups of Once, twice, three times, five times Multiple of, times, multiply, multiply by Repeated addition Array, row, column Double, halve Share, share equally Group in pairs, threes, etc. Equal groups of Divide, divided by, left, left over</p>
29	SATs Prep		
30	SATs		
31	Money	<p>Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change</p>	<p>Money, coin, penny, pence, pound, price, cost, buy, sell, spend, spent, pay, change, dear(er), costs more, costs less, cheaper, costs the same as How much?, how many? Total</p>

32	Position and Direction	<p>Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences</p> <p>Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise)</p>	<p>Left, right, up, down, forwards, backwards, sideways</p> <p>Rotation Slide, roll, turn, whole turn, half turn</p> <p>Clockwise, anticlockwise</p> <p>Straight line</p> <p>Ninety degree turn, right angle</p>
33	Position and Direction	<p>Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences</p> <p>Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise)</p>	<p>Left, right, up, down, forwards, backwards, sideways</p> <p>Rotation Slide, roll, turn, whole turn, half turn</p> <p>Clockwise, anticlockwise</p> <p>Straight line</p> <p>Ninety degree turn, right angle</p>
34	Temperature	<p>Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure temperature (<math>^{\circ}\text{C}</math>) to the nearest appropriate unit, using thermometers</p> <p>Compare and order temperature and record the results using <math>&gt;</math>, <math>&lt;</math> and <math>=</math></p>	
35	Mass	<p>Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure mass (kg/g) to the nearest appropriate unit, using scales.</p> <p>Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using <math>&gt;</math>, <math>&lt;</math> and <math>=</math></p>	<p>Weigh, weighs, balances</p> <p>Heavy, heavier, heaviest, light, lighter, lightest</p> <p>Scales g/kg</p>
36	Statistics	<p>Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and tables</p> <p>Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity</p> <p>Ask-and-answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data</p>	<p>Count, tally, sort</p> <p>Vote</p> <p>Graph, block graph, pictogram, Represent</p> <p>Group, set, list, table Label, title</p> <p>Most popular, most common, least popular, least common</p> <p>Whole</p>
37	Fractions	<p>Recognise, find, name and write fractions <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> and <math>\frac{3}{4}</math> of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity</p> <p>Write simple fractions, for example <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> of <math>6 = 3</math> and recognise the equivalence of <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> and <math>\frac{1}{2}</math></p>	<p>Equal parts, four equal parts</p> <p>One half, two halves</p> <p>A quarter, two quarters, three quarters</p> <p>One third</p> <p>Equivalence, equivalent</p>
38	Consolidation		
39	Transition		