

PSED	C&L	PD	English
<p>Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them.</p> <p>Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community.</p> <p>Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting.</p> <p>Show more confidence in new social situations.</p> <p>Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas.</p> <p>Help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas.</p> <p>Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. Do not always need an adult to remind them of a rule.</p> <p>Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.</p> <p>Talk with others to solve conflicts.</p> <p>Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.</p> <p>Begin to understand how others might be feeling</p>	<p>Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens.</p> <p>Can find it difficult to pay attention to more than one thing at a time.</p> <p>Use a wider range of vocabulary.</p> <p>Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as "Get your coat and wait at the door".</p> <p>Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?"</p> <p>Sing a large repertoire of songs.</p> <p>Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.</p> <p>Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'.</p> <p>May have problems saying: - some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh - multisyllabic words such as 'pterodactyl', 'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus'</p> <p>Use longer sentences of four to six words. Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.</p> <p>Can start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.</p> <p>Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus... you sit there... I'll be the driver."</p>	<p>Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills.</p> <p>Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.</p> <p>Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues. Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.</p> <p>Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.</p> <p>Are increasingly able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm.</p> <p>Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width.</p> <p>Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel.</p> <p>Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks.</p> <p>Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.</p>	<p><b>We're Going on a Bear Hunt</b></p> <p>Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, one-to-one and also in small groups.</p> <p>Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories.</p> <p>Shows interest in illustrations and print in books and print in the environment.</p> <p>Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos</p> <p>Looks at books independently.</p> <p>Handles books carefully.</p> <p><b>What the Ladybird Heard</b></p> <p>Enjoys rhyming and rhythmic activities.</p> <p>Shows awareness of rhyme and alliteration.</p> <p>Holds books the correct way up and turns pages.</p> <p>Knows that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom.</p> <p>Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places.</p> <p><b>Room on the Broom</b></p> <p>Enjoys rhyming and rhythmic activities.</p> <p>Shows awareness of rhyme and alliteration.</p> <p>Recognises rhythm in spoken words.</p> <p>Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured.</p> <p>Suggests how the story might end.</p> <p>Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall.</p> <p>Describes main story settings, events and principal characters.</p> <p>Knows information can be relayed in the form of print</p> <p>Sometimes gives meaning to marks as they draw and paint.</p>
CofEL	EAD	UTW	Mathematics
<p><b>Playing &amp; Exploring</b></p> <p>Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them.</p> <p>Reach for and accept objects. Make choices and explore different resources and materials.</p> <p>Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects.</p> <p>Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing.</p> <p>Make independent choices. Do things independently that they have been previously taught.</p> <p>Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings.</p> <p>Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention.</p> <p><b>Active Learning</b></p> <p>Participate in routines and begin to predict sequences because they know routines.</p> <p>Show goal-directed behaviour.</p> <p>Use a range of strategies to reach a goal they have set themselves.</p> <p>Begin to correct their mistakes themselves.</p> <p>Keep on trying when things are difficult.</p> <p><b>Creating &amp; Thinking Critically</b></p> <p>Take part in simple pretend play.</p> <p>Sort materials.</p> <p>Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing.</p> <p>Solve real problems.</p> <p>Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective.</p> <p>Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas.</p> <p>Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them.</p> <p>They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.</p>	<p>Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar.</p> <p>Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses etc.</p> <p>Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park.</p> <p>Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.</p> <p>Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.</p> <p>Join different materials and explore different textures.</p> <p>Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.</p> <p>Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.</p> <p>Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.</p> <p>Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc.</p> <p>Explore colour and colour-mixing.</p> <p>Listen with increased attention to sounds.</p> <p>Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.</p> <p>Remember and sing entire songs.</p> <p>Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match').</p> <p>Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.</p> <p>Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know.</p> <p>Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.</p>	<p>Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials.</p> <p>Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.</p> <p>Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary.</p> <p>Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history.</p> <p>Show interest in different occupations.</p> <p>Explore how things work.</p> <p>Plant seeds and care for growing plants.</p> <p>Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal.</p> <p>Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.</p> <p>Explore and talk about different forces they can feel.</p> <p>Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.</p> <p>Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people.</p> <p>Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.</p>	<p>Fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising').</p> <p>Recite numbers past 5.</p> <p>Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5.</p> <p>Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').</p> <p>Show 'finger numbers' up to 5.</p> <p>Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.</p> <p>Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.</p> <p>Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.</p> <p>Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'</p> <p>Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'.</p> <p>Understand position through words alone – for example, "The bag is under the table," – with no pointing.</p> <p>Describe a familiar route.</p> <p>Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.</p> <p>Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.</p> <p>Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc.</p> <p>Combine shapes to make new ones - an arch, a bigger triangle etc.</p>

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CofEL	EAD	UTW	Mathematics
<p><b>Playing &amp; Exploring</b></p> <p>Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them.</p> <p>Reach for and accept objects. Make choices and explore different resources and materials.</p> <p>Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects.</p> <p>Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing.</p> <p>Make independent choices. Do things independently that they have been previously taught.</p> <p>Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings.</p> <p>Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention.</p> <p><b>Active Learning</b></p> <p>Participate in routines and begin to predict sequences because they know routines.</p> <p>Show goal-directed behaviour.</p> <p>Use a range of strategies to reach a goal they have set themselves.</p> <p>Begin to correct their mistakes themselves.</p> <p>Keep on trying when things are difficult.</p> <p><b>Creating &amp; Thinking Critically</b></p> <p>Take part in simple pretend play.</p> <p>Sort materials.</p> <p>Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing.</p> <p>Solve real problems.</p> <p>Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective.</p> <p>Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas.</p> <p>Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.</p>	<p>Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else.</p> <p>Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses etc.</p> <p>Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits.</p> <p>Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.</p> <p>Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.</p> <p>Join different materials and explore different textures.</p> <p>Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.</p> <p>Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.</p> <p>Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.</p> <p>Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc.</p> <p>Explore colour and colour-mixing.</p> <p>Listen with increased attention to sounds. Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. Remember and sing entire songs.</p> <p>Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match').</p> <p>Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.</p> <p>Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know.</p> <p>Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.</p>	<p>Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.</p> <p>Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary.</p> <p>Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history.</p> <p>Show interest in different occupations.</p> <p>Explore how things work.</p> <p>Explore and talk about different forces they can feel.</p> <p>Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.</p> <p>Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people.</p> <p>Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.</p>	<p>Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.</p> <p>Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.</p> <p>Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'.</p> <p>Describe a familiar route.</p> <p>Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.</p> <p>Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.</p> <p>Talk about and identify the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc.</p> <p>Extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf.</p> <p>Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern.</p> <p>Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then...'</p>

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<p>See themselves as a valuable individual. Build constructive and respectful relationships. Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.</p>	<p>Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Learn rhymes, poems and songs. Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. Describe events in some detail.</p>	<p>Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.</p>	<p><b>Non-fiction books Our village / Weather</b> <b>Non-fiction books Animals</b> <b>Non-fiction books Food</b> Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.</p>
CofEL	EAD	UTW	Mathematics
<p><b>Playing &amp; Exploring</b> Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them. Reach for and accept objects. Make choices and explore different resources and materials. Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects. Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing. Make independent choices. Do things independently that they have been previously taught. Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings. This helps them to develop their learning. Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention. <b>Active Learning</b> Participate in routines, such as going to their cot or mat when they want to sleep. Begin to predict sequences because they know routines. Show goal-directed behaviour. Use a range of strategies to reach a goal they have set themselves. Begin to correct their mistakes themselves. Keep on trying when things are difficult. <b>Creating &amp; Thinking Critically</b> Take part in simple pretend play. Sort materials. Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing. Solve real problems. Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective. Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas. Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.</p>	<p>Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills. Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses. Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Develop storylines in their pretend play. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups</p>	<p>Draw information from a simple map. Understand that some places are special to members of their community. Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. Explore the natural world around them</p>	<p>Explore the composition of numbers to 10. Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0–10 Compare length, weight and capacity</p>

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<p>Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally. Think about the perspectives of others.</p>	<p>Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Learn new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary throughout the day. Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives</p>	<p>Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: - regular physical activity - healthy eating – tooth brushing - sensible amounts of 'screen time' - having a good sleep routine - being a safe pedestrian Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: - lining up and queuing - mealtimes - personal hygiene Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - rolling - crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping - climbing Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming</p>	<p><b>Dinosaurs in the Supermarket</b> Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop. Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense. <b>Dinosaur Pooped a Princess</b> Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. <b>Mixed Up Fairy Tales</b> Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop. Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.</p>
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<p><b>Playing &amp; Exploring</b> Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them. Reach for and accept objects. Make choices and explore different resources and materials. Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects. Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing. Make independent choices. Do things independently that they have been previously taught. Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings. This helps them to develop their learning. Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention. <b>Active Learning</b> Participate in routines, such as going to their cot or mat when they want to sleep. Begin to predict sequences because they know routines. Show goal-directed behaviour. Use a range of strategies to reach a goal they have set themselves. Begin to correct their mistakes themselves. Keep on trying when things are difficult. <b>Creating &amp; Thinking Critically</b> Take part in simple pretend play. Sort materials. Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing. Solve real problems. Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective. Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas. Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.</p>	<p>Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills</p>	<p>Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries.</p>	<p>Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills. Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can. Continue, copy and create repeating patterns. Subitise Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.</p>

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<p>See themselves as a valuable individual. Build constructive and respectful relationships. Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. Manage their own needs. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.</p>	<p>Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. Describe events in some detail. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities explain how things work and why they might happen. Develop social phrases. Engage in story times. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.</p>	<p>Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases;</p>	<p>Farmyard Hullabaloo The Tadpoles Promise Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter–sound correspondences. Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them. Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter–sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. Write short sentences with words with known letter–sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop. Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense. Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.</p>
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<p><b>Playing &amp; Exploring</b> Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them. Reach for and accept objects. Make choices and explore different resources and materials. Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects. Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing. Make independent choices. Do things independently that they have been previously taught. Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings. Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention. <b>Active Learning</b> Participate in routines and begin to predict sequences because they know routines. Show goal-directed behaviour. Use a range of strategies to reach a goal they have set themselves. Begin to correct their mistakes themselves. Keep on trying when things are difficult. <b>Creating &amp; Thinking Critically</b> Take part in simple pretend play. Sort materials. Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing. Solve real problems. Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective. Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas. Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.</p>	<p>Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses. Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Develop storylines in their pretend play. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.</p>	<p>Understand that some places are special to members of their community. Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live. Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants; Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;</p>	<p>Count objects, actions and sounds. Subitise. Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value. Count beyond ten. Compare numbers. Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers. Explore the composition of numbers to 10. Compare length, weight and capacity. Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number; Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5;</p>

PSED	C&L	PD	English
<p>Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.</p>	<p>Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.</p>	<p>Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.</p>	<p><b>The Three Little Pigs</b>  <b>The Most Magnificent Thing</b>                      Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play. Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words. Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.</p>
CofEL	EAD	UTW	Mathematics
<p><b>Playing &amp; Exploring</b>                      Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them. Reach for and accept objects. Make choices and explore different resources and materials. Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects. Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing. Make independent choices. Do things independently that they have been previously taught. Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings. Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention.  <b>Active Learning</b>                      Participate in routines and begin to predict sequences because they know routines. Show goal-directed behaviour. Use a range of strategies to reach a goal they have set themselves. Begin to correct their mistakes themselves. Keep on trying when things are difficult.  <b>Creating &amp; Thinking Critically</b>                      Take part in simple pretend play. Sort materials. Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing. Solve real problems. Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective. Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas. Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.</p>	<p>Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.</p>	<p>Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, nonfiction texts and (when appropriate) maps. Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.</p>	<p>Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.</p>